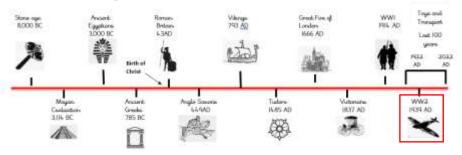


# **Year Six** – History: What if a voice isn't heard?



Spitfire
A British WW2 fighter plane.



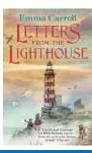


<u>Doodlebug</u> German bomb with wings.

Subject Specific Vocabulary	
Air Raid Shelter	A building to keep people safe during bombings.
Allies	The group of countries fighting against Germany during WW2.
Appeasement	Finding a peaceful solution through negotiation, to prevent a war.
Blackout	Turning off lights during WW2 so that planes didn't see buildings from the sky.
Counterattack	Responding to an attack by attacking back.
Exterminate	Killing a whole group of people or animals.
Genocide	Trying to murder a whole group of people.
Luftwaffe	The German air force during WW2.
Nazi	A German political group led by Hitler during WW2 who were extremely racist.
Radical	Very strong political opinions that call for a complete change to a country and its laws.
Reparation	Making amends and fixing things after a conflict.
Stoicism	Facing hard times without complaining.

# This is our exciting book linked to the enquiry!

'Letters from the Lighthouse' by Emma Carroll



#### **History Sticky knowledge**

- 1.1st September 1939-8th May 1945.
- **2.The Treaty of Versailles** was a peace agreement after WW1 that limited Germany's freedom.
- 3. **Neville Chamberlain** and **Winston Churchill** led Britain during WW2
- 4. Adolf Hitler led Germany during WW2.
- 5. The **Battle of Britain** was a major air campaign fought mostly over southern England in the Summer and Autumn of 1940.
- 6.The 'Blitz' was a series of bombing attacks on Britain by the Luftwaffe from 1940-1941.
- 7. **'Evacuation**' means moving people from a dangerous place to a safer place. Children and were moved to the countryside to keep them safe from bombing in the cities.
- 8.The **Holocaust** was the murder of millions of people (mainly Jews), by the **Nazis**, in WW2.
- 9.**Anne Frank** was a German-Jewish victim of the Holocaust, famous for keeping a diary.
- 10. The **'home front'** describes the activities of British people at home during the war. It includes Air Raid Shelters, Gas Masks and ARP Wardens.
- 11. **Rationing** means limiting how much people can buy so that important items didn't run out.
- 12.In **Nottingham during WW2**, three Boots factories were destroyed, and the caves were used for protection.

#### **Geography knowledge**

- Allied countries in World War Two were: UK, France, USA, Russia.
- Axis countries in World War Two were: Germany, Italy, Japan.

## DT knowledge

- Air Raid shelters are designed to protect people from bombs during air raids.
- They are reinforced structures.
- There were different designs depending on the audience, number of people using it and location.

### **RE knowledge**

- The largest religions in Nottingham and the UK are Christianity, Islam, Sikhism, Hinduism, Judaism and Buddhism.
- 2 British Values are mutual respect and tolerance.
- Jewish people were persecuted (treated very badly because of their religion) in Germany during WW2.
- Upstanders are people who speak out to stop hate.
- Kindertransport rescued Jewish children in WW2.